## CORRECTIONS

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# Fruit and vegetable consumption and mortality from all causes, cardiovascular disease, and cancer: systematic review and dose-response meta-analysis of prospective cohort studies 

We have been informed about a slight error in this Research paper by Wang and colleagues (BMJ 2014;349:g4490, doi:10. $1136 / b m j . g 4490$ ). From one of the studies (Leenders et al, $A m$ $J$ Epidemiol 2013;178:590-602) included in the meta-analysis, the authors inadvertently used data for women only rather than for the whole population. They have re-run their analyses using the correct hazard ratio for overall mortality of $1.00(95 \%$ confidence interval 0.99 to 1.01 ) for $100 \mathrm{~g} /$ day fruit
consumption. The revised pooled hazard ratio for all cause mortality should be 0.94 ( 0.89 to $0.98 ; \mathrm{P}=0.006$ ) for an increment of one serving of fruit a day, which is almost identical to that reported in the paper $(0.94,0.90$ to $0.98 ; \mathrm{P}=0.002)$ and hence does not affect the conclusions.

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